

# Elm,

pour la construction  
d'une application web moderne

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**#MIXIT18**

# Xavier Van de Woestyne

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Elixir + Elm



*«Useless software with  
useful languages»*



Meetup Lillois !

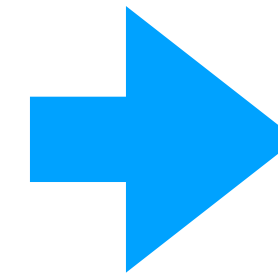
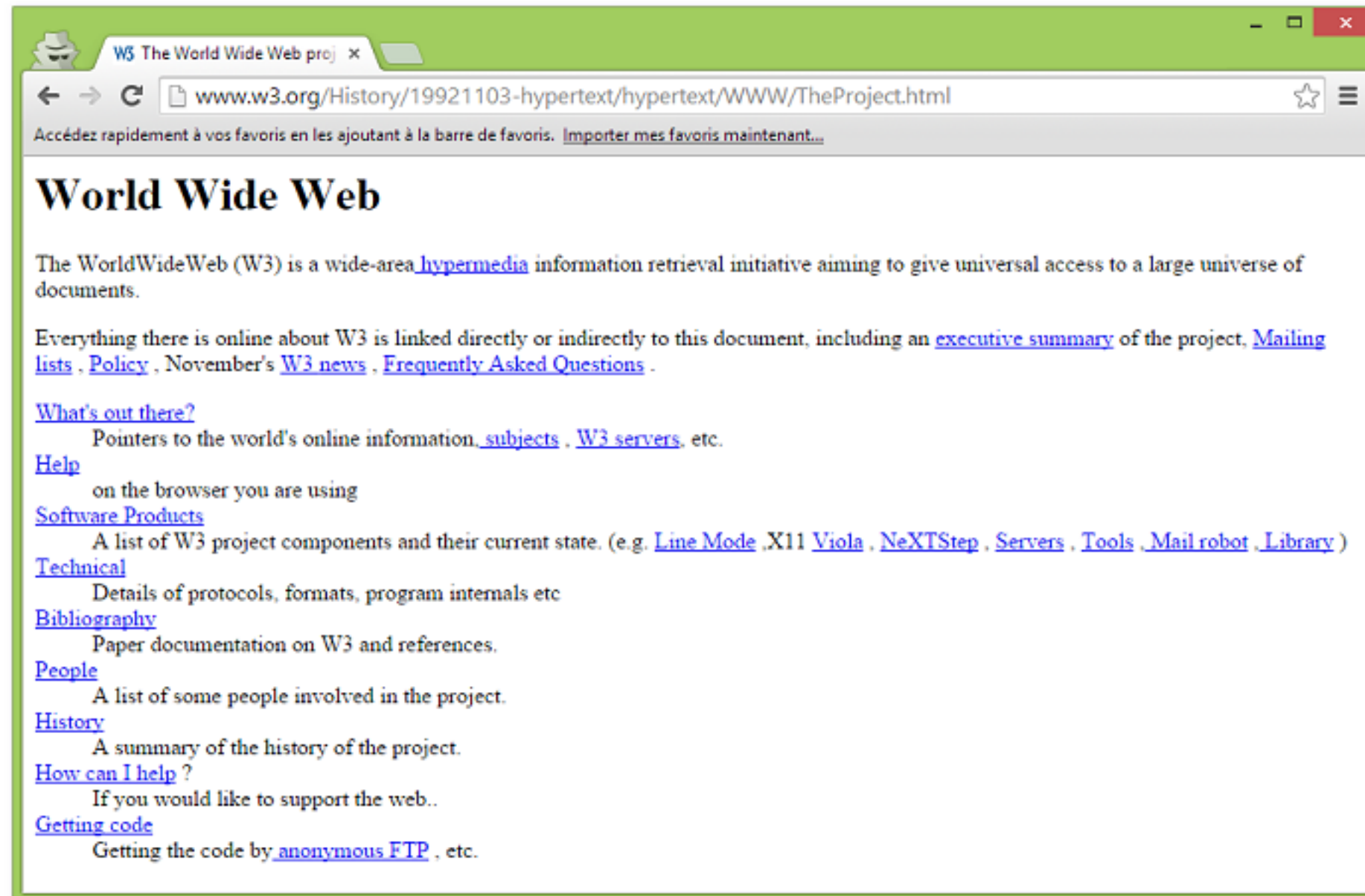
Nim  
Java Elm  
Ur/web Racket  
OCaml  
Erlang/Elixir Io  
F# Haskell Go  
Ruby Idris  
PHP HaXe

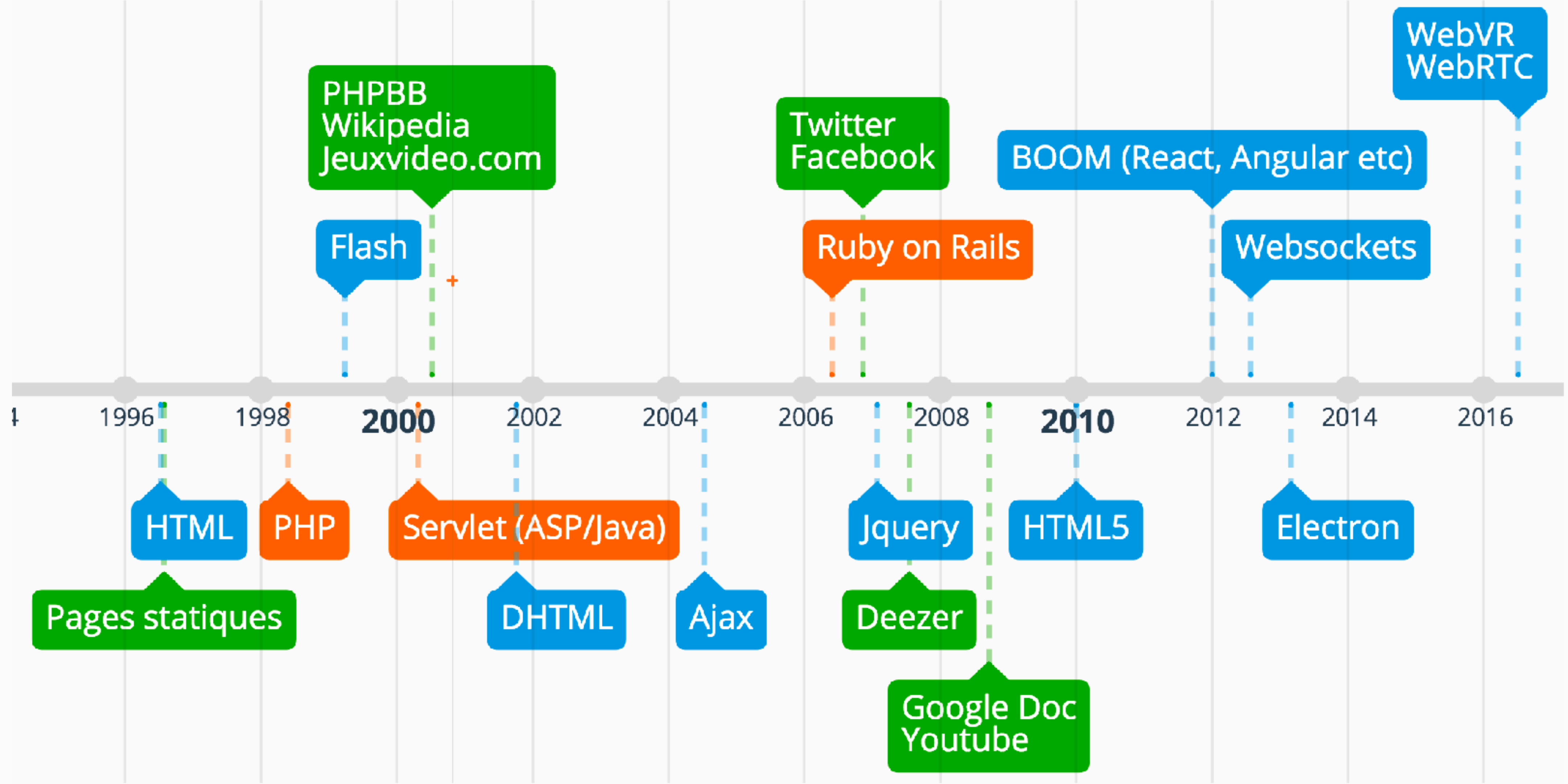
# Objectifs !

- Présenter un langage que j'aime bien ;
- détruire certains aprioris ;
- justifier certains choix de design ;
- être « *tout-terrain* ».

# Le Web

un espace où tout change vite

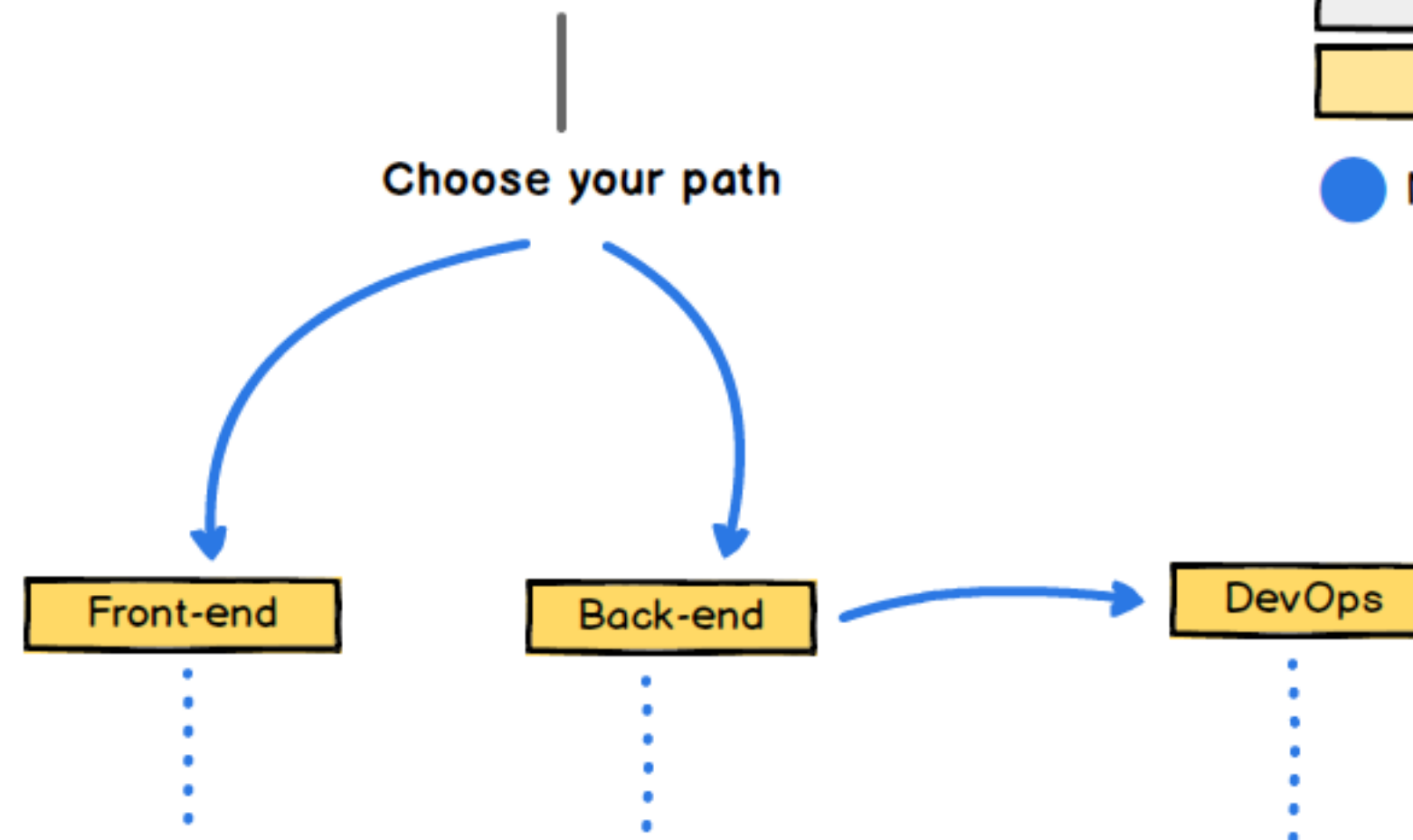




Required for any path

- Git - Version Control
  - SSH
  - HTTP/HTTPS and APIs
  - Basic Terminal Usage
  - Learn to Research
  - Data Structures & Algorithms
  - Character Encodings
  - Design Patterns
  - GitHub
- Create a profile. Explore relevant open source projects. Make a habit of looking under the hood of projects you like. Create and contribute to open source projects.

# Web Developer in 2018

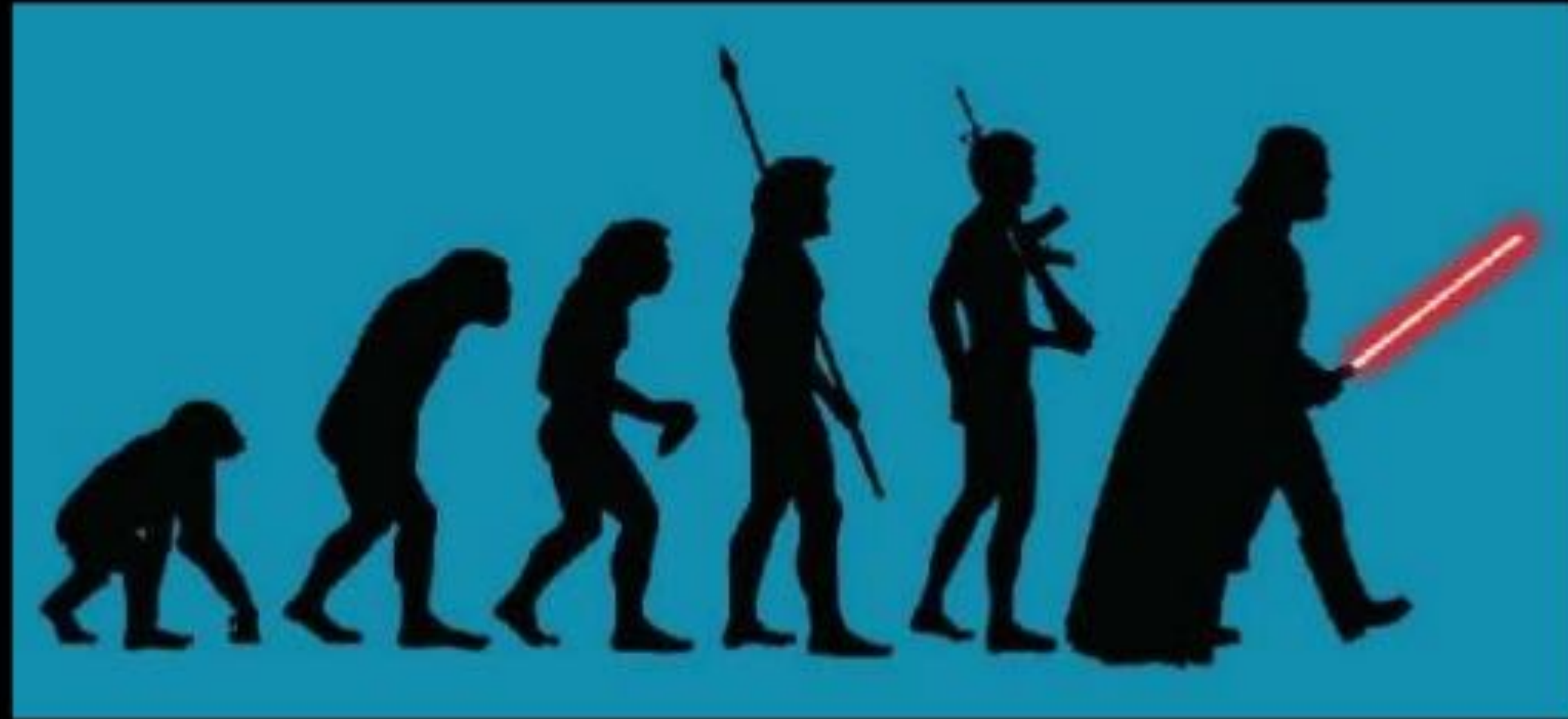


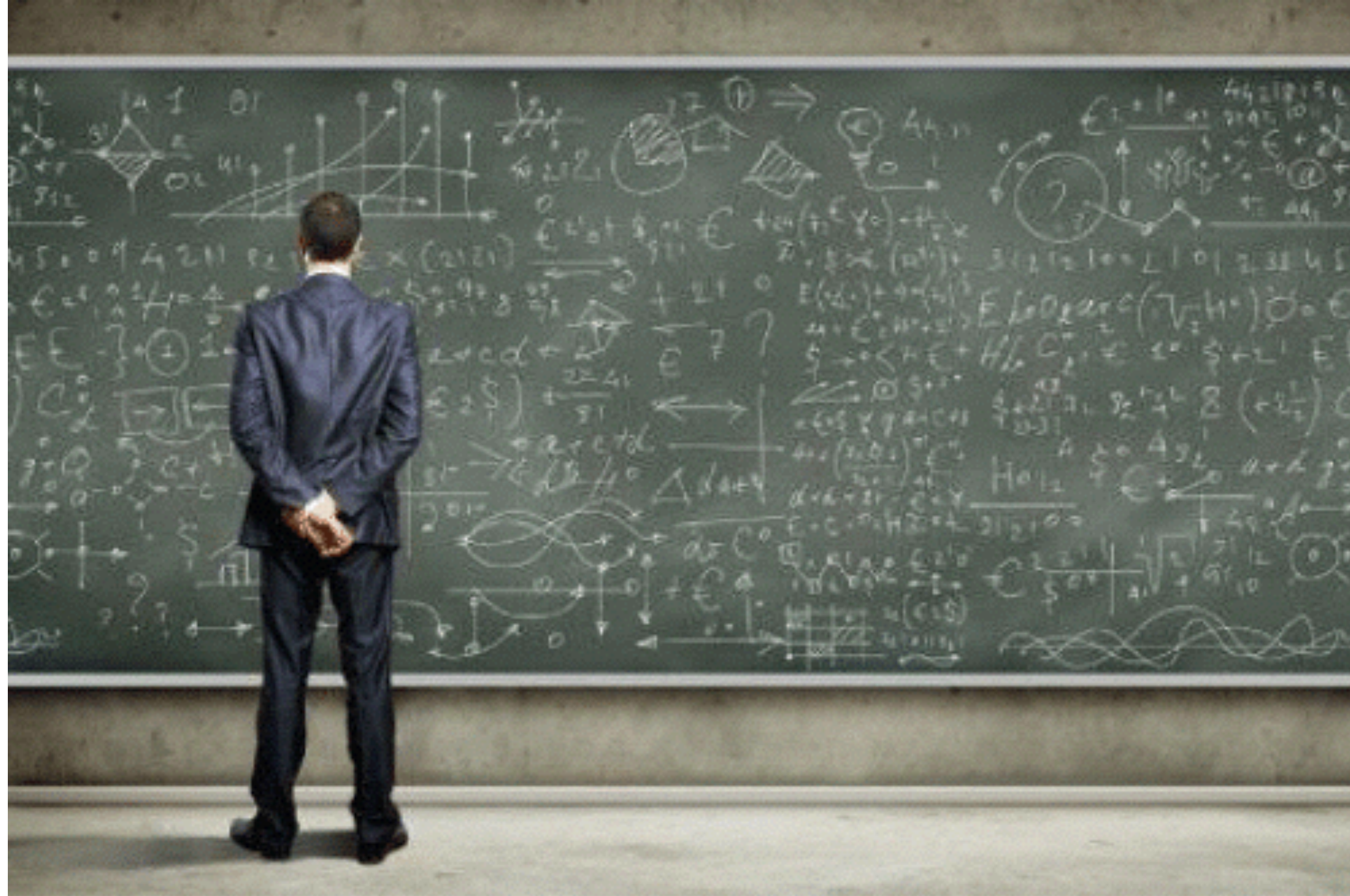
Legends

- Personal Recommendation!
- Possibilities
- Pick any!
- Now build something

source : <https://github.com/kamranahmedse/developer-roadmap>

# EVOLUTION OF JS





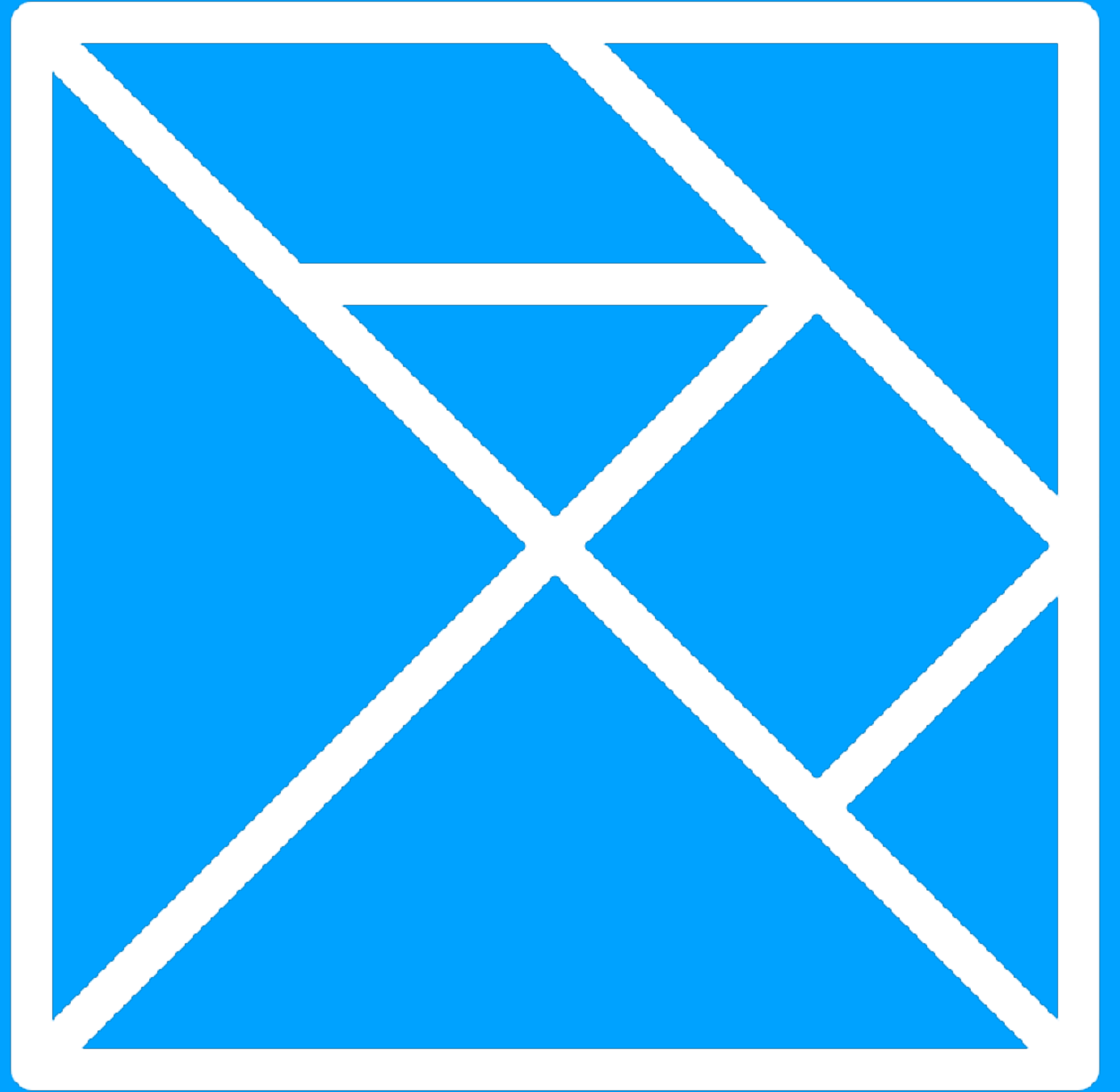
Marc was almost ready to implement his "Hello World" React app.



API first

Tierless

Elm



- Créé en 2012 par Evan Czaplicki ;
- destiné à construire des interfaces graphiques ;
- concurrentML à JavaScript ;
- fonctionnel strict et statiquement typé ;
- développé comme un **langage ML** (à la Miranda).



**Evan Czaplicki**

@czaplic

Abonné



@vdxwv better question: why did Haskell move away from the ML syntax? They expected list operations to be more common than types. Misjudged.

🌐 À l'origine en anglais

RETWEETS

15

J'AIME

24



10:58 - 28 juil. 2016



6



15



24

- Peu de constructions (mais expressive) ;
- un système de module pauvre ;
- (presque) pas de Typeclasses ;
- arrive avec beaucoup d'outils ;
- expose son propre framework.

# Impose de bonnes pratiques

- Compilation (et analyse statique) ;
- versionnement sémantique imposé (et utilisé) ;
- syntaxe à la ML (:troll:) ;
- formatage unifié du code.

# Un système de type expressif

```
int x = 99 ;
```

# Sommes

```
type Direction
  = North
  | East
  | West
  | South
```

```
type Maybe a
  = Just a
  | Nothing
```

# Produits

```
type alias Point =
  (Int, Int)
```

```
type alias Point2 =
  { x : Int
  , y : Int
  }
```

# Alias

```
type alias Firstname =
  String
```



Detected errors in 1 module.

===== ERRORS =====

-- MISSING PATTERNS ----- test5.elm

This `case` does not have branches for all possibilities.

```
41|> case msg of
42|>   More ->
43|>     (model, Cmd.none)
```

You need to account for the following values:

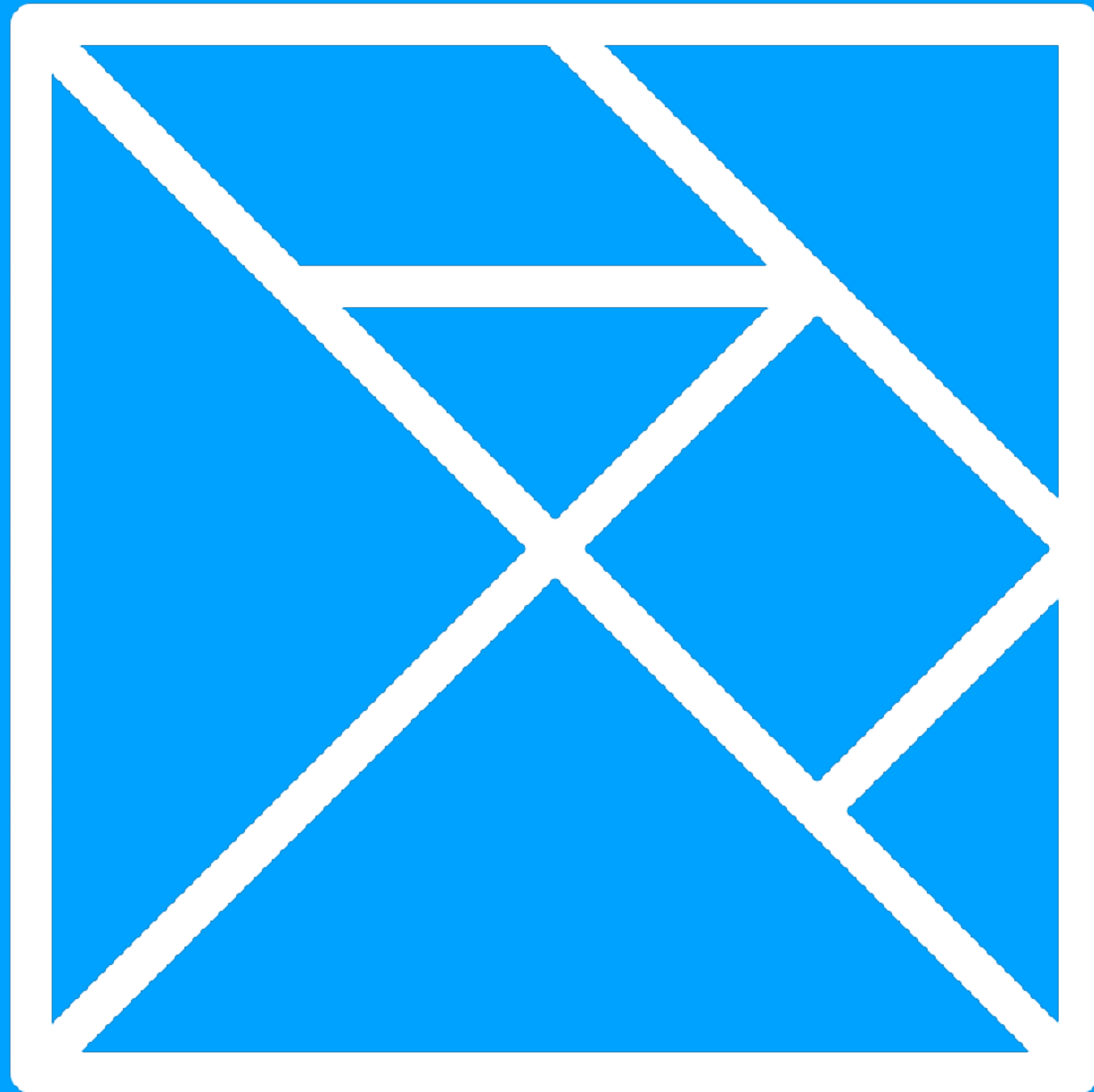
```
    Main.FetchSucceed _
    Main.FetchFail _
```

Add branches to cover each of these patterns!

If you are seeing this error for the first time, check out these hints:

<<https://github.com/elm-lang/elm-compiler/blob/0.17.1/hints/missing-patterns.md>>

The recommendations about wildcard patterns and `Debug.crash` are important!

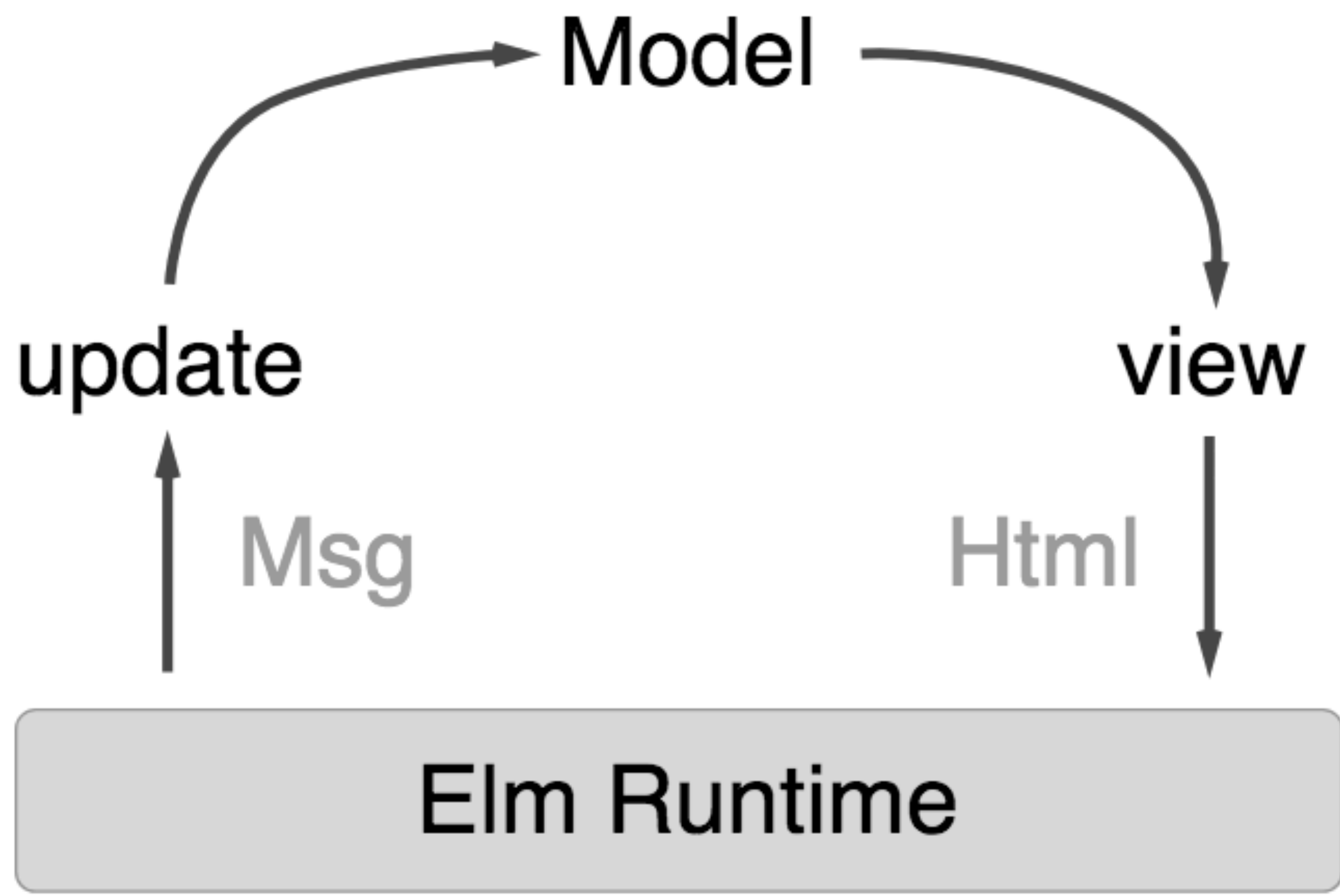


# La Elm-architecture

Un langage ML qui ressemble à  
Haskell ?



Monades  
Signaux  
Arrows  
Joinades



re-render

dirty nodes

DOM virtuel

DOM incrémental

```
main : Platform.Program Flags Model Message
main =
  Html.program
    { init : (Model, Cmd Message)
    , update : Message -> Model -> (Model, Cmd Message)
    , view : Model -> Html Message
    , subscriptions = Model -> Sub Message
    }
```

# Hello World de Elm : un compteur

- 0 +



# 1ère étape : le model

```
type alias Model = Int
```

# 2nd étape : l'ensemble de nos actions

```
type Message  
  = Increment  
  | Decrement
```

# Ensuite, l'initialisation et l'update

```
init : (Model, Cmd Message)
```

```
init =
```

```
  (0, Cmd.none)
```

```
update : Message -> Model -> (Model, Cmd Message)
```

```
update message model =
```

```
  case message of
```

```
    Increment ->
```

```
      (model + 1, Cmd.none)
```

```
    Decrement ->
```

```
      (model - 1, Cmd.none)
```

# La vue

```
view : Model -> Html Message
view model =
  div []
    [ button [ onClick Decrement ] [ text « - »]
      , text (toString model)
      , button [ onClick Increment ] [ text « + »]
    ]
```

# Le programme

```
main : Platform.Program Flags Model Message
main =
  Html.program
    { init = init
    , update = update
    , view = view
    , subscriptions = (\_ -> Sub.none)
    }
```

# Sur la morphologie des messages et des modèles

# FRP : Commandes et Souscriptions

- `Cmd message` : requête un effet
- `Sub message` : remonte le résultat d'un effet sous forme de message

# En dehors du monde «*typesafe*»

- Flags : permet de « passer des arguments à un programme Elm »
- Ports : mécanisme de FFI articulé autour de la Elm architecture

```
port requestTree : File.Path -> Cmd msg
port retrieveTree : (File.Tree -> msg) -> Sub msg
```

```
import elm from '../../src/Main.elm'
const flags = {..}
const container = document.getElementById('app');
const elmApp = elm.Main.embed(container, flags);
elmApp.ports.requestTree.subscribe((pwd) => {
  const tree = onRécupèreLeTreeEnJavaScript
  elmApp.ports.retrieveTree.send(tree)
});
```



*Monadic parsers*

JSON.parse

Et les composants ?

Les plus

Les moins

Fin, merci :)